

Kit Quick-TB

REF. 361560-0000

Acid fast bacilli differential fluorescent staining



IFU079A-RAL

For professional use only.
Please read all information carefully before using this device.

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Intended use

Kit Quick-TB is intended to be used for Acid fast bacilli differential fluorescent staining prior microscopic examination

If applicable, RAL Diagnostics recommends using the associated RAL Diagnostics products and cannot guarantee that the expected results will be achieved if used in combination with products of other brands.

Principle

Kit Quick-TB used a Ziehl-Armand staining, variation of the Ziehl-Neelsen technique, which allows a detection of mycobacteria or Acid Fast Bacilli (AFB). The characteristic structure of the mycobacteria walls hampers discoloring agent penetration. This property allows AFB to keep Carbolic Fuchsin RAL staining. Using Armand Solution allows realizing simultaneously discoloring and counterstaining of all bacteria non-AFB, cell elements and the background of the preparation.

In this fast cold technique, the staining time with Carbolic Fuchsin RAL is reduced.

Kit description

Carbolic fuchsin RAL

Clear dark red solution
REF. 365240-0125

1 X 125 mL

Armand solution

Clear dark blue solution
REF. 3601002A125

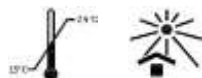
1 X 125 mL

For a specific batch, refer to the analysis certificate of the batch available at my.ral-diagnostics.fr.

Storage

Storage temperature: 15-25°C away from light.

Bottle shelf life before and after opening: refer to expiry date on label.



Hazard classification and safety information

Carbolic fuchsin RAL



Danger: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H302

- Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection. P303+P361+P353+P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P305+P351+P338+P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

CONT	Basic fuchsin, diamant, C6H5OH 80%
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Armand solution



Danger: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H314

- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection. P303+P361+P353+P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P305+P351+P338+P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

CONT	HNO3 69%, C6H5NH2
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Personnel qualification

All samples and products must be handled by qualified and authorized personnel, using individual or collective protection, in accordance with the national directives in force in the laboratories. Personnel must also be aware of the classification of hazardous materials indicated on the label and the safety data sheet (available at my.ral-diagnostics.fr).

The specimen must be treated in accordance with procedures available in the laboratory and required by national authorities.

The diagnosis must be conducted by qualified and authorized personnel, in accordance with the procedures in force within the laboratory.

Specific equipment and reagents required but not provided

Microscope slides.

This equipment may vary depending on the protocol. Please refer to the relevant protocol (see the section operating procedure) to ensure that you have the necessary equipment to carry out tests.

Operating procedure

The equipment used for sample processing must comply with the supplier's instructions for use.

Sample preparation

Pre-treatment of sample from liquid culture media: Take around 300 to 400 µl of liquid culture medium (including a few beads if possible) and pour it into a microtube. Centrifuge for 1 min at 10 000 rpm and discard supernatant. Then add 2 to 3 drops of physiological saline to the microtube and vortex or stir with a loop. The sample is now ready to be smeared.

Manual bacterial smear: made a thin film of bacteria sample and leave the slide to dry at room temperature. Then bacterial smear can be fixed with mild heat source (Bunsen burner or hot plate) or chemically fixed with chemical fixative (methanol, ethanol, acetic acid, or formalin...)

NB: Never pass through the flame a smear that is not entirely dry, this could cause cracklings and dissemination of bacteria (creation of aerosols).

If necessary, the two fixations can be combined.

Manual bacterial smear from liquid or solid culture: Apply a drop of SUREFIX on a slide and with a loop place on top of the SUREFIX drop, the preparation from a liquid culture (as described above) or a colony from a solid culture. Mix SUREFIX drop and the sample and made a uniform smear layer. Eventually Leave the smear to air dry before placing the slide on a hot plate for 30 min at a temperature of 80 °C.

Reagents and instruments preparation

No preparation needed. The solutions are ready to use.

Protocols

The staining steps of the protocols indicated below consist of a successive covering of the slides with the different staining reagents.

For the staining steps, place slide on a stand with fixed smear on top.

Protocol for bacterial smear staining - Manual covering method - Manual microscopic analysis

Processing time: 06 min

Steps	Reagent	Time [mm: ss]	Indications
Stain	Carbolic fuchsin RAL	05:00	No
Rinse	Tap water	No	Get rid of reagent then rinse
Stain	Armand solution	01:00	No
Rinse	Water	No	Quickly rinse
Dry	No	≥03:00	No

According to the thickness of the smear, it may be necessary to increase the Carbolic Fuchsin RAL staining time.

Expected results

Acid-alcohol Fast Bacilli (AFB): pink

Background of the preparation: blue

If observed results vary from those expected, please contact RAL Diagnostics technical service through your usual supplier for assistance.

Performance

This medical device is state of the art. Its analytical performance, scientific validity and medical relevance are assessed in the CE marking review.

To ensure product performance, use clean and dry laboratory equipment.

The laboratory is responsible for notifying the manufacturer and state competent authority of any serious incident relating to the use of the medical device.

User quality Control

Users are responsible for determining the appropriate quality control procedures for their laboratory and complying with applicable laboratory regulations.

RAL Diagnostics recommend using a positive smear and a negative smear from different patient samples at reagents renewal and for the first staining cycle of each day. Slides stained for quality control purposes should be checked to ensure that they are satisfactory for intended test (properly stained and free of precipitate).

Slides can be prepared in advance and heat-fixed appropriately for storage.

This control could be done using a positive patient sample or a dilute suspension of AFB recognized positive (such as *Mycobacterium abscessus* CIP 108541).

Staining results for each cell type must also be compliant with this manual expected results

These quality control procedures should only be performed by qualified personnel.

Other products

For more information contact your usual supplier.

Recommendations, notes, and troubleshooting

Products appearance

If the appearance of the products differs from the description above, do not use it and contact RAL Diagnostics technical service through your usual supplier for assistance.

Procedures notes

To prevent products degradation, please comply with the storage and handling recommendations specified in this manual.

According to the thickness of the smear, it may be necessary to increase the Carbolic Fuchsin RAL staining time. To realize a screening of specimen samples, it's recommended to use an auramine fluorescence technique before. The observation of a single bacillus on a given slide is a dubious result and should always lead to a new investigation on another sample.

Microscopic examination is performed with objectives X100 immersion.

In all cases, the bacteriologist's report must refer to the number of fields observed, stating for example, "no AFB detected on 200 (or 100) microscopic fields" rather than "negative bacilloscopy".

Likewise, "positive bacilloscopy" is a bad answer because it gives no indication of the relative richness in bacilli of the sputum. The report must always provide quantitative information.

Products stability

Every RAL Diagnostics product can be used until the expiry date indicated on, in its original packaging if it is still hermetically sealed.

Staining stability

Staining quality and reproducibility depend on the correct use of the products. Staining conducted according to these recommendations will remain stable for several days.

Instructions for cleaning and waste disposal

All biological samples, effluents and used consumables should be considered potentially hazardous.



To avoid any risk, apply the following instructions: dispose of samples, effluents and consumables in accordance with laboratory standards and applicable national and local standards and regulations.

Chemical and biological waste must be collected and processed by specialized, registered companies.

Table of symbols and abbreviations

Depending on the product, you may find the following symbols on the device or the packaging material.

GHS PICTOGRAMS	INTERPRETATION
	Explosive
	Flammable
	Oxidizer
	Compressed gas
	Corrosive
	Toxic
	Harmful
	Health Hazard
	Environmental Hazard
	No labelling applicable

SYMBOL	INTERPRETATION
	Batch code
	Serial number
	Catalogue reference
	Date of manufacture
	Use up to
	Unique device identifier
	Manufacturer
	Importer
	Entity distributing the medical advice in the region concerned
	CE marking device
	In vitro diagnostic medical device
	Authorised Representative in the European Community
	Authorised Representative in Switzerland
	Complies with UK guidelines
	Do not use if packaging is damaged
	Keep away from light
	Temperature limit: 15-25°C
	Temperature limit: 15-30°C
	Keep dry
	Box: handling upwards
	Fragile
	Sterilised by irradiation
	Single sterile barrier system with outer protective packaging
	Sterile and radiation-sterilised barrier suit
	Do not reuse
	Do not resterilize
	Contents sufficient for n tests
	Hazardous material contained
	Consult instructions for use
	Use
	After opening, use within XX months
	The product must not be used in conjunction with an automatic colouring machine
	Indicates a medical device that contains potentially carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substances, or substances classified as endocrine disruptors

Bibliography

AUBERT E., "Cold" Stain for Acid-Fast Bacteria, *Canad. J. Public Health*, n°41, 1950, p. 31-32.

CLARK G., *Staining procedures, Williams & Wilkins, 4th éd.*, 1981, p. 384-385.

GENEVA WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION, *Manual of basic techniques for a health laboratory*, n°39, 1982, p. 231-234.

Change tracking

Date	Version	Changes
05/2022	IFU079A-RAL	IVDR (EU) 2017/746 compliance

